Increase, 75 Per Cent dr. .1,778

SATURDAY, MARCH 5, 1892-TWELVE PAGES.

Increase, 75 Per Cent or 1.778

FORTY-SEVENTH YEAR

QUAY IS COMING held in this city April 13. Chairman Wright has appointed Benjamin M. Nead, John P. Dohoney, Naudian Hamilton and Major John D. Worman a local committee to make arrangements for the holding of the convention. HOME TO WORK

His Friends Warn Him of the Rise of the Tide of Reform

IN THE PARTY LINES.

Snyder and Union County Republicans Among the Very First

TO TAKE ANY DEFINITE ACTION.

Anti-Quay Leaders Chosen and the Names of Adherents Secured.

Newspapers Beginning to Be Outspoken in Their Opposition to the Junior Senator's Re-Election-Growth of the Independent Feeling in the State-Widespread Interest Among the Farmers-Some of the Prominent Representatives Who Have Joined the Movement-Ohio Representatives Find It Hard to Agree on a Gerrymander-Lawrence County Soldiers Stand by Quay.

PERCHAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH,

PHILADELPHIA, March 4 .- The anti-Quay Republican movement is gaining ground so rapidly that Senator Quay, it was quietly announced to trusted agents to-day, would be in the city next Tuesday to consider and take hold of the situation in person. Old-time leaders like Dave Martin are much concerned because of the unfavorplile reports from over the State, and private advices have given positive warning that the reform-within-the-party-tide is rising with no sign# of a stop. These reports have been wired briefly to the Senator at his Florida retreat, and the answer has come that he will be in the city, if at all possible, to meet in conference some of the stalwart Republicans who stand by the Quay standard.

The Snyder and Union county Republeans are among the first to take definite action. The Snyder county primaries take place March 26, and George M. Whitman, Salem, was selected by a conference at Middleburg to lead the anti-Quay forces in the legislative district.

Some of the Anti-Quay Coherts,

Back of Whitman are such strong and well-known Republicans as Dr. J. O. Wagner, of Adamsburg; George J. Schoch, Dr. P. A. Boyer, Horace A. Alleman, J. E. Forester and Editor Lombard, of Seiin's Grove, the latter's Tribune having maintained a neutral position heretolore. Edwar W. Tool, of Freeburg, the present member, is a candidate for renomination, and is distinctly so on a Quay platform, as a Quay supporter, the same as he was for Senator

In Union county the anti-Quay sentiment will take formal shape to-morrow, in a meeting of Republicans at Lewisburg, and next week the situation will be defined as far as the selection of a Legislative candidate to go before the primaries is concerned, Union aving the same date-March 26. The Lewisburg Chronicle, with A. M. S. Potter, a bright, incisive writer, as the editor, champions the anti-Quay cause, and has created a widespread interest among the farmers, the Farmers' Alliance being very strong in his section.

Running on Anti-Onay Platforms

Israel Ruhl, a Justice of the Peace for Buffaio township, and a prosperous farmer in the famous Buffalo Valley, where the Dunkards and Mennonites comprise almost solely the population, will be the anti-Quay candidate before the primaries. Opposing him are B. K. Focht, editor of the Lewisburg Saturday News, a sharp, shrewd Quay advocate, with Quay's support for the comination, and James R. Ritter, of Mifflinburg, the present Representative. Mr. Fucht has been in Washington repeatedly to see Scuator Quay, and is believed to have the positive promise of material assistance. Mr. Ritter beat him for the nonfination two years ago, and the News was not especially warm in supporting the regular candidate of its party, doing

so under pressure. From word received to-day from H. F. Marsh, editor of the Towards Reporter Journal, it is learned that Bradford county Republicans are in serious revolt against Senator Quay. Editor Marsh says: "Farming and tarmers do count this year. An overwhelming majority of the Republicans of this county are opposed to Senator Quay's re-election, and that is all there is to be said, as long as the majority have the right to rule. As the vehicle of inspired warning some authorities are very shaky in

the spokes." Bradford Against the Senator.

The candidates for the Senate in Bradford, as well as the Legislative candidates, have announced themselves on the anti-Quay side of the platform before the primaries, and the solitary supporter of Mr. Quay, as far as known, is ex-Lieutepant-Governor William T. Davies.

Elsewhere in the State there are some inportant accessions. In Eric county ex-Congressman Culbertson, the Glrard agricultural implement manufacturer, and James S. McBrier, the Eric City shipbuilder and candidate for Congress to succood Major Griswold, who declines to run again in the Eric-Crawford district, are especially outspoken. The list has on it such names as ex-Senafor Lee, of Franklin; ex-Senator Emery, of McKean; George B. Orlady, of Huntingdon; Uncle John Cessna, of Bedford, and Jerome B. Niles, of Tioga. Mr. Niles is in very high favor with the farmers over the State, as they recognize in him one of the best champions of tax revision and tax reform. The Tioga Republicans propose to run Mr. Niles for the State Senate on that issue, and have no faith in Senator Packer, who voted for Cumerou against instructions.

Preparing for the State Convention HARRISBURG, March 4.-J. Marshall Wright, of Allentown, was in Harrisburg this evening arranging the preliminaries

for the State Democratic Convention to be

QUAY BACKED BY SOLDIERS.

His Old Comrades of the 134th Pennsylvania Volunteers Resolve in His Favor. NEW CASTLE, March 4.—[Special.]—At a meeting of the survivors of the One Hundred and Thirty-fourth Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, residing at New Castle and vicinity, the following address was approved and authorized to be presented to individual members of the regiment and other ex-soldiers for their concurrence:

To the Republican Voters of Lawrence County:

At the last meeting of the Republican Executive Committee of this county, a resolution was adopted submitting to you for decision the choice of this county for the office of United States Senator to fill the place which will become vacant by the expiration of the present term of Senator Quay. Without desiring to detract from the just merits and claims of any other candidates, as soldiers of the late war we deem it our privilege and our duty to recommend to your favorable consideration for said office our comrade, the Hon. Matthew S. Quay, late Colonei of the One Hundred and Thirty-fourth Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers. Colonei Quay's brave and patriotic service upon the field of battle, his fathful and distinguished devotion to duty throughout the war, the fidelity with which he has performed the arduous duties in the many places of trust which he has had the honor to fill, his unswerving loyalty to the party of his choice, and his matchless leadership of the Republican party in State and national contests, are considerations among many others which prove his courage, ability and fitness for the office of United States Senator, and should determine you to give him your carnest and most hearty support. To the Republican Voters of Lawrence County:

The address has been signed by several hundred ex-soldiers—in fact, by nearly all the Republican soldier voters in Lawrence county. The names are fleaded by the surviving members of the One Hundred and Thirty-fourth Regiment of this county.

CHANGES IN CLUB BULES

cratic Societies of the State.

HARRISBURG, March L .- [Special.]-Sam uel A. Duncan, of Pittsburg; Hon. A. L. Tilden, of Erie; Major John D. Worman, of Philadelphia; John A. Coyle, of Lancaster; R. E. Shearer, of Carlisle, and Benjamin M. Nead, of this city, appointed recently by ex-Lieutenant Governor Black, President of the Democratic societies of Pennsylvania, to revise the rules governing the societies, met for that purpose this afternoon at the Bolton House. The committee proposes making a number of material changes in the rules, and will shortly hold another meeting in this city. President Black will announce the standing com-

mittees in a few days. They will be made up from the list of deputies to the convention at Pittsburg in September last.

The whole matter of the revision was left to President Black and S. A. Duncan. It was agreed, however, that the ratio of representation at future meetings of the society shall be one delegate to 25 members, and for every 100 members over that, one additional delegate. Before a club can secure recognition, however, it must certify to the State Secretary that the dues of at least 25 members have been paid at least 15 days before the meeting. This does not prevent the organization of small clubs, but if they desire representation they must recruit their ranks to 25 members. A change was suggested in the declaration of the society, which at present is very short and of a genwhich at present is very short and of a gen-eral character, and it was agreed to combine the Democratic principles of the National

Society with that of the State. STARTLING VARIANCE OF IDEAS

tion of a Gerrymander. COLUMBUS, O., March 4.-[Special.]-A caucus of Republican members of the Legislature is to be held next Wednesday night for the purpose of considering a plan for Congressional redistricting. An effort is to be made to adjourn the General Assembly by April 4, and to do this it is necessary to get the redistricting bill out of the road. The House Elections Committee has been subjected to much criticism by members be cause it has not reported one of the redistricting bills referred to it, or a substitute. This committee has not even considered any of these bills. It knows the diversity of opinion on the various bills introduced, and appreciates the ambition of a number of brethren, and has therefore concluded that any recommendations it might make would be a waste of time. It notified the members that it would await a decision of a Repub

lican caucus.

This caucus was called two weeks ago. out through carelessness and indifference a misunderstanding arose, and it was deferred from time to time. Now it is set for next week. The Senators will meet with the Representatives and a bill will be agreed upon, which will be reported in place of the Senate bill and passed without delay of conference committees and debate. Taking the opinions of members at radom it is developed there is not such a wide difference of views, but pick out the most prominent members and the variance of ideas is start-

VANCE INCLINED TO GORMAN.

Unless the New York Democrats Can Pat Up Their Quarrel.

WASHINGTON, March 4 .- [Special.] Senator Vance said to THE DISPATCH reporter, to-day, that the Democrats of North Carolina have about reached the conclusion that neither Hill nor Cleveland should be nominated at Chicago, and they are looking the field over for an available man outside of New York and they think that Gorman is

the man. Senator Vance said:

"Our people are very sorry about the factional fight in New York. The quarrel between the representatives of Senator Hill and Mr. Cleveland has gone so far that it would probably be fatal to the party to at-tempt to force either one of them upon the convention. In our State we regard Sen-ator Gorman as the most desira-ble man from every standpoint. His wide experience with public affairs and his unblemished moral character, in addition to his sagacity as a leader,

make him very strong with our beople.

They have confidence in his judgment, and almost every other man you meet regards Gorman as the best candidate to put up unless the situation in New York changes. Gorman is as well known and as much loved by the Democrats of the country as any man they can find. You have my permission to say this for me."

WEBRASKA PROHIBITIONISTS

Conclude Their Convention With an Ex citing Election of Delegates. LINCOLN, NEB., March 4.- The Prohibition State Convention for the election of 27 delegates to the National Convention concluded its session this evening. Interest centered mainly on the selection of a chairman of the delegation. Some bitterness was provoked on account of the alleged effort of recent converts to the party to over throw the plans and principles of old work

throw the plans and principles of old work-ers in the cause.

Three hundred delegates were present, a number of whom were ladies, and the ques-tion of equal suffrage formed a topic for animated debate. Prohibition and women suffrage are the features of the platform. The other planks demand practically the

same economic reforms as advocated by the recent conference of the Farmers' Alliance, Knights of Labor and People's party at St. Louis. A service pension for Union veterans is added, and all mention of the sub-Treasury scheme is omitted. CHICAGO FOR PALMER.

Cook County Instructs Its Delegates for the

Here of the State. CHICAGO, March 4.—The Cook County Democratic Convention—which includes Chicago—in session here to-day unanimously passed a resolution instructing its delegates to the State Convention to use their best efforts to have selected delegates to the National Convention favorable to the candidacy of General John M. Palmer for President.

AN OVERWORKED JUDGE

ISCHARGES IN DISGUST THE JURY SITTING ON FIELD'S CASE,

The Lawrers Promised the Trial Would Last Only Five Days, and It Has Stretched Out to Seven-They Coax the

Reluctant Jurist Back. NEW YORK, March 4.—There was a bit of excitement in the jury hearing as to E. M. Field's insanity this evening. The case was prosing along toward the end of its seventh lay, and a witness was awearing that he hought Field was shamming insanity. The ime had grown to be 7:15 o'clock this evenng, and Mr. Cockran was cross-examining Dr. McDonald, when the voice of Judge Vac Brunt suddenly interrupted the proceed

"When this trial was begun the counsel promised me that it would consume but, five days' time. I have already sat here eight days, and the prospects of finishing it this week are meager, indeed. Gentlemen of the jury," he added as he arose to his feet and faced the 12 men in the box, "You are discharged."

discharged."

For a moment all was confusion. Mr. Cockran, District Attorney Nicoll and his assistant, Mr. Weeks, stood staring stupidly at the judge, who, with much deliberation, was putting on his overcoat. The jury, too, seemed too much surprised to do aught but sit still and look dumbfounded. Then Mr. Cockran went over to Mr. Njcoll and simply remarked, "Well, I'll be —."
"So will I," replied the District At-

torney.

The Judge meantime left the court, but was intercepted by both counsel, who, by many promises, induced him to return, which he did, only to adjourn the court until to-morrow. Field during all this time lay stretched back in his chair, un-

moved by the excitement.

Judge Van Brunt's action is almost unprecedented. His abrupt action is accounted for by the fact that the case was to be concluded in five days in order to give be concluded in five days in order to give the Judge an opportunity to write out some decisions which he will have to hand down in the general term of the Supreme Court, over which he will preside next Monday. Instead of finishing in five days they had consumed seven days, and the Judge has had to sit up nights prepar-ing for his general term work. The case will probably be concluded to-morrow.

REELEVITES SET TO THINKING.

Ex-Congressman Hopkins' Suicide the Only Thing They Talk About.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., March 4 - [Spe ial.]-The death of ex-Congressman Stephen T. Hopkins, at Pleasantville, N. J., yesterday, has been the subject of considerable discussion here to-day, not only with the Keeley patients, but with the citizens of the town. At the Bi-Chloride of Gold I will not talk. I have nothing to say to day, has been the subject of considerable Club, cards, checkers and dominos were habitues of the clubroom gathered in knots and discussed the death of their brother dubman, Hopkins. There was not one dissenting voice from the opinion that the x-Congressman's death was due to the love of drink. Many expressed the belief that Hopkins was crazy when he arrived in White Plains and crazy when he left. Manager Piersons, said:

"It was two days after Hopkins came here and applied for treatment before we consented to take him. He was not, to all appearances, a man we desired to treat. We finally agreed to treat him, knowing that if he was mentally right, the bi-chloride treatment would not affect his reason. He stayed here three weeks and voluntarily abandoned our cure, saying that he was all right. We knew that he was an inmate of the State Insane Asylum at Binghamton, previous to our treating him. I can only say to you that he was all right when he left here, and that is all the information I

AN EPIDEMIC OF ELOPEMENT

Strikes Cleveland With the Growth of th Present Leap Year.

CLEVELAND, O., March 4 .- [Special.]pidemic of elopement has struck this city, or else leap year is getting in its deadly work. Two additional cases were added this week. William E. Ransom is a handsome young man and the nephew of one of the most distinguished residents of the city. He married Miss M. L. Perkins, four

city. He married Miss M. L. Perkins, four years his senior, and a manicurist, one day last August. The secret has just popped out, and they will go to Buffalo to live.

Miss Harriet May Lewis is beautiful, accomplished, and the daughter of wealthy parents. She fell in love with Jesse G. Shadbolt, and wanted to marry him, but her parents said "No." The young couple got a license, a minister, and a stateroom in a sleening car, and are now spending their a sleeping car, and are now spending their honeymoon in Chicago. They've been for

UNWRITTEN HISTORY of the war deeds of Governor Curtin in THE DISPATCH to

REV. J. W. LAIRD A FORGER.

In Addition to Attempting Blackmail an Disgracing His Family. STANTON, ILL., March 4 .- Rev. J. W. Laird, of Gillespie, who recently attempted blackmail and disgraced his family, a de-tailed report of which was printed, is now

tailed report of which was printed, is now in a more embarrassing position than ever. The grand jury of Macopy county, in session at Carlinville, has found an indictment against Laird for forgery.

About 18 months ago Laird obtained \$100 at the Medora Bank, giving his note bearing the indorsement of William James, a member of Laird's church, as security. The name of the surety, Mr. James, is claimed by that gentleman to be a forgery, and upon his evidence the indictment was found. The church trial of Rev. J. W. Laird, at Alton City, yesterday resulted in the suspension City, yesterday resulted in the suspension of Laird from the ministry until the meeting of the Southern Illinois Conference.

REVEALED BY A FALLING BLUFF.

Missouri River Farmers in Kansas. ST. JOSEPH, Mo., March 4.-A residen here to-day and reported a discovery of gold near that place. A portion of a big bluff fell into the plain below. It was examined by a farmer in that violnity, who discovered traces of the precious metal. A sample of it was sent to Kansas City, where it was assayed and pronounced very valu-

He Is Either Insane or Play-

PITTSBURG.

ing Crazy to His Friends' Satisfaction.

MRS. DUNLON MURDERED.

The Autopsy on the Body Leaves No Doubt as to That Fact.

WOUNDS ALL AROUND HER HEAD.

The Prisoner a Man of a Most Remarkable and Useful Career.

SON OF A WORLD-RENOWNED PREACHER

PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCHA CHICAGO, March 4.—Hundreds of curious cople lingered about the Dentist Hospital to-day to catch a glimpse of Dr. Henry M. Scudder, who is under arrest for the murder of his mother-in-law for her fortune. A few representatives of the press were admitted to the corridor leading to the accused physician's cell, but this privilege afforded little satisfaction.

Through the keyhole of the door the prisoner could be observed. Ordinarily he occupied a chair beside the iron bedstead on which, according to the hospital attendants, he passed a restless and sleepless night. Sitting on the chair he placed his elbows on his knees, buried his face in his hands, and seemed absorbed in thought. This position was maintained for long periods, when suddenly, as if in mental controversy, he would arise, stand erec momentarily, and then, with a concluding gesture, resume his first attitude. The prisoner's wife sent word to him to-day that she wanted to see him. He declined to receive her.

Pretends to Disown His Wife. "Tell her I don't know her; who is she?" he said. But the woman went into his cell later, and the doctor refused to talk with her. She could not draw him into conver-

sation, and left after a short time. Late this evening a reporter succeeded in talking to the prisoner. "Who are you?" the doctor cried, "I don't know who you are. I don't know that you are not a detective sent here to persecute me. What do you want? They said that no one should see me here."

"You are arrested under a serious charge Have you anything to say about it?" "There is no charge. Charge? I say there is no charge. I am not arrested. If I were, would I be here in bed, and would I not know it if I were arrested? It is a lie. I am not under arrest."

From a Transport to Anger. Then he fell into a transport, hid his face in the clothing, and trembled as if in deadly trepidation. The paroxysm soon passed and he emerged from the mass of comfort

Wounds that fully confirm the suspicion that Mrs. F. H. Dunlon was murdered were disclosed at the autopsy held upon the woman's body at Janesville, Wis., to-day. Six external injuries and five fractures of the skull show how death had been cused The examination was made by Janesville physicians. Dr. Henry Palmer, Surgeon General of the Wisconsin National Guard, and a member of the faculty of the Ch. ago College of Physicians and Surgeons, was in

charge.

The first examination made was for external injuries. The body was in the casket, in full dress for burial. It was removed from the casket and externally inspected. There was a long wound on the side of the right arm, two inches above the elbow, 2½ inches in length, which had been packed and ban-daged.

Wounds in Various Places.

The interior surface of the body was in normal condition. The sides and posterior portion had a florid color. At the root of the nose there was a contused wound exthe nose there was a contused wound ex-tending obliquely downward from the left to the right, three-fourths of an inch in extent. This wound extended through the soft tissues of the bone.

There was marked discoloration about both eyes. There was a wound central and

at the top of the head, an inch in extent, exbeing penetrated. Just back of this wound was another, three inches long, extending through the external tissues down the muscles. One inch from the right angle of this was a contused wound one-half inch in length, the two being connected. Near the back of the head was a wound one inch in extent and extending through the periosteum. These were all the external

The scalp was then opened across the crown from ear to ear. Beneath the last described wound there was a clot of blood varying from one-fourth to one-third of an inch in thickness. There was also a clot beneath the temporal muscle and the periosteum on the top of the head, five inches from the root of the nose, and 1½ inches from the center there was found a fracture through the skull 11/2 inches

Fractures in All Directions,

From the commencement of this fracture there was one extending at right angles across the top of the head 1½ inches in ex-From the anterior portion of the woun

just described there was another fracture communicating with and extending forward communicating with and extending forward and across the top of the head. A fracture through the bone 234 inches in extent. From the anterior point of the first wound described there was another radiating fracture extending downward toward the ear 234 inches in extent. From a point one-fourth of an inch anterior to the fracture last described there was anothe fracture 144 inches in extent. The two last fractures described there was anothe fracture described there was anothe fractures described the foundation of the foundation of the fracture described the foundation of the fracture described the foundation of the foundation of the fracture of the fracture described the fracture of the fracture last described there was anothe fracture 1½ inches in extent. The two last fractures described communicated with each other toward the lower point, and a crescent shaped piece of bone was lifted up by Dr. Palmer on the point of his scalpes. It was 1½ inches in length and 1½ inches in width. It was held in position only by the periosteum or fibrous membrane investing the bones.

A Clot of Blood on the Brain. A Clot of Blood on the Brain.

The top of the skull was removed and a large clot found on the brain. A 2½-inch fracture, not before revealed, was found on the anterior surface of the skull corresponding in position to the wound at the Toot of the nose. The unofficial expression by the doctors conducting the examination was that the fractures of the skull were more than enough to cause death.

that the fractures of the skull were more than enough to cause death.

All the members of the Scudder family persistently decline to talk. "We are here to witness the proceedings and not to talk," said the elder Dr. Scudder. Dr. Scudder, Sr., and Mrs. Dors Dunton Scudder, wife of the acoused physician, reached the hospital in the family brougham. Rev. Doremus Scudder, the brother, had preceded them. The venerable clargyman and father gave evidence of great agitation. His anow-white hair gave additional paller to his fur-

rowed cheeks. The inquiry into the sanity of the prisoner will be made early next week. Dr. Lyman thinks him insane, but

Mission. He spent ten years in various parts of India, achieving enviable reputation as a practitioner. For some time he was medical officer for the English Government for Arcot and the surrounding country.

He returned to this country on a visit to his

He returned to this country on a visit to his father about eight years ago, and flattering offers induced him to remain in Chicago. He has since then held the place of chief of the free dispensary of the Armour Mission, and a member of the Advisory Board of that institution; chief obstetrician of St. Luke's Hospital, and chief examining officer for two large insurance companies. He has devoted much of his time to home missionary work, especially to the relief of

missionary work, especially to the relief of sickness and suffering among the poor, and has become widely known. PERCIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH,

QUICK RETRIBUTION.

FATALLY BURNED.

son, which resulted in the death of her

husband and brother-in-law, Marcus and

Abraham Cohen. Just after 3 o'clock this

morning Officer Camp was attracted to 2744 Couteau avenue by a fire showing through

the window. In the building dwelt Marcus

Cohen, wife and three children, and brother

Abraham, over a store owned by Marcus,

and scarcely had the officer reached the place when an explosion, terrific in force,

blew out the entire front of the building.

Hastily turning in an alarm the officer

Hastily turning in an alarm the officer hurried back to the scene to aid in rescuing the people. Marcus Cohen, who had been in the store at the time of the explosion, was horribly burned. He could tell no coherent story of the affair, and was hastily removed to the hospital. His wife and children, frightened, but uninjured, were also removed to a place of safety. By this time the flames had been subdued and the firemen entered the store. On the floor they found the body of Abraham Cohen, charred beyond recognition. The remains were re-

beyond recognition. The remains were re-moved and an examination into the occur-

rence begun.
It was found that the gas fixtures had all

their store and household outfit. The in-surance it is now believed the men planned to gain, lat lost their lives instead, was

SPRINGER MUCH BETTER.

He Retains the Improvement of a Day-He

Ascribes His Attack of Erysipelas to

the Small of Fresh Paint-His Docto

WASHINGTON, March 4 .- At a late hour

to-night Congressman Springer's physicians

said he had retained the improvement noted

this morning, and that he was resting

easily. He (the physician) was then going

to retire with no apprehensions for his

a small space has been partitioned off as a private working room. While the partition

a small space has been partitioned on as a private working room. While the partition was being painted Mr. Springer was fre-quently in the small room, and he is satis-fied that the odor of the paint superinduced

erysipelas.
Dr. Vincent, the family physician at

natient.

Explodes Too Quickly.

MINDLERS OF AN INCENDIARY FIRE tee from that State, have been in Washing ton for a day or two, and their presence ha given rise to the report that they are en For the Sake of the Insurance, They Had Unscrewed All the Gas Fixtures and Soaked the Place With Gasoline-Gas Sr. Louis, March 4.- "God has punished that the pressure on Mr. Washburn was so as," was the moaning confession of Mrs. Marcus Cohen to-day of an attempt at ar-

> his candidacy.
>
> Nothing could be further from the truth not weakened in his opposition to Harrison, and only yesterday he expressed for publi of the fight, will be 'nominated at Minneapolis in spite of himself, as sure as the conrention meets. Instead of being driven

Washburn's Work Against Harrison. Harrison was very much in favor of the election of Minneapolis as the place for holding the convention, and his friends say the regards it as very important to his chances that the delegation from the State shall be among his most loyal supporters. Senator Washburn has taken the contract to

It was found that the gas fixtures had all been unscrewed, allowing an uninterrupted flow of gas into the storeroom. A gasoline can, empty, was also found. Inquiry also developed the fact that a night or two ago a team was employed nearly all night, carting goods away from the store by way of the back entrance. These facts, with other minor circumstances, make a complete chain of evidence to the effect that the men had prepared for an apparently mysterious conflagration by the aid of escaping gas and the free use of gasoline, but, inadvertently, probably, one of them lighted a match and the gas-laden atmosphere immediately exploded, causing the results already noted.

Marcus Cohen, after being removed to the Harrison's nomination.

Minnesota is not the only State in which the most influential Republicans are actively engaged in setting up anti-Harrison delegations. The feeling among Republican leaders in Washington which was so strong immediately after Blaine's letter appeared that his renunciation left the field open and easy for Harrison is not nearly so strong as it was. In Pennsylvania, Iowa, Illinois, Ohio, Massachusetts and other strong Republican States the leaders are taking advantage of every opportunity to crystallize sentiment against the President, and even in those States in which he is admitted to have a clear right of way there is little enthusiasm for his candidacy, but simply apparent acquiescence because of the lack of Marcus Cohen, after being removed to the host al, died of his injuries. He was so terribly burned that the flesh sloughed from his body in great chunks. From the only appropriate members of the feeling the midand children, nothing can be learned beyond the half-confession conveyed in the woman's moan, "God has punished us." The family moved in the place but two weeks ago with

roper persons who can thus early in the ame be set up against him. The President Kept Fully Posted.

Springfield, is expected to arrive in the city to-morrow, having been telegraphed for Wednesday. Dr. Vincent has attended Mr. Springer on several occasions when he

EMPEROR WILHELM'S physical condition, as Murat Halstead gets it, in THE DIS PATCH to-morrow.

ASSIGNED MIS LAST DOLLAR.

Banker Collins, the Suicide, Turned Ove His Life Insurance to Creditors. SAN DIEGO, CAL, March 4 .- A Coro er's inquest was held to-day on the remains of Collins, the President of the California

National Bank, and a verdict of suicide was

rendered. It had been reported that some one had furnished Collins with a pistol with which he had shot himself, and the inquiry was directed to that question, but the quiry was directed to that question, report was not sustained.

The colored janitor who cleaned Collin's room Monday, swore that a revolver was then in the pocket of the clothes hanging in the dressing room. A deputy marshal testified that he had searched carefully for arms but failed to find any. Collins will be buried here to-morrow. It was made known to-day that Collins had assigned his life insurance of \$85,000 for the heapfit of

A PREACHER MISSING.

He Started Out for a Walk and Has Not

PHILADELPHIA, March 4.—Rev. David F. Hughes, a clergyman of Coaldale, expect nothing, as both Senators Teller and Welcott are opposed to him to such an extent that they would probably be willing to see him defeated if nominated. In others of the new and far Western States the friends of free silver coinage stand ready to join any combination against Harrison that gives promise of success. Schuylkill county, who came here to be pletely disappeared. Mr. Hughes who, is 60 years old, arrived in company with his son on Monday, February 1. He visited the Jefferson Hospital, and having arranged for an operation on the following Friday was given a room. Next day the preacher left for a walk and since then has not been

BESSIE BRAMBLE on the Blatne di AND IN THE DISPATOR to-me

powerful proportions.

BROUGHT TO PITTSBURG.

Ex-Senator Newmyer Arrived Last Evening

gard and care-worn, and showed traces of his illness. His face was shrunken, and he

walked between Dr. Shaw and his brother.

The doctor talked to him earnestly about

omething, and Mr. Newmyer responded in

rather a spirited manner. At the end of the long shed there was a parley about

where they should go, and after some dis-

cussion, in company with Dr. Shaw, the ex-

enator went to the Anderson Hotel, where

When asked how the Prothonotary was,

his brother said that he had met him at

Braddock. "All I can say at present," he

dded, "is that my brother is temporarily

e spent the night.

last evening.

DISPATCH to-morrow.

a bucket near by.

A TRAMP'S SUPREME GALL.

Presence and Slashes Off Her Hair.

CONNELLSVILLE, March 4 - [Special.]-

town, had an exciting adventure with a

tramp this morning. She was alone in the

kitchen about 6:30 preparing breakfast,

when a big, burly tramp appeared. With-

out saying a word he walked to the table,

which had been spread for the morning meal, picked up a loaf of bread and a knife

While all this was going on the young woman stood paralyzed with fear, and made

no outery to arouse the other members of

the family, who were upstairs in bed. Her

get down stairs the villain had fled, and was

nowhere to be seen. He seemed to have no other motive but to disfigure the woman, as he threw the hair on the floor as he went out

the door. The police gave chase but with-

SIX PRISONERS OUT.

Delivery at Butler.

BUTLER, PA., March 4 .- [Special.]-

general jail delivery, the third that has oc

curred here within the past three months, occurred to-night. All the prisoners, six

in number, escaped, save one, who was apparently satisfied with the situation.

Among them was Frank Mills, awaiting

face of the Jungfrau. Read his in THE DISPATCH to-morrow.

Quay's Workers Alarmed

Chicago's Criminal Sensation Status of Harrison's Canvass.

Freight Changes Demanded To-Lets and Classified Ads... Editorial and Miscellaneous. The Gossip of Washington... Tilt Between Reed and Crisp

News of Nearby Towns

The Patti Concert ...

Gossip of the Sporting World... Carpenters to Strike in May.... English Liberals Change Their

The Oil Scout's Field News... Subjects for Sunday Sermon Chose and Chocker Problem

lron and Commercial E Wakeman in the Medite The Heavens in March.

THIS MORNING'S NEWS.

Journey Harrisburg.

-His Brother Says He Is Temporarily

Insane and Not Responsible-A Quiet

Dr. Scudder was born at Arcot, India, 40 years ago. When he was 5 years old he came with his father to San Francisco, where the father became pastor of the Howard Presbyterian Church. Young Soudder went to Yale at 17, afterward studied medicine in Philadelphia, and was graduated from the Long Island Medical Hospital in 1874. He finished his medical education in London and Paris, and then went to India as medical officer of the American Arcot Mission. He spent ten years in various

How the President's Canvass in Other States Is Progressing.

RATHER BLUE IN SOME PLACES.

Sentiment Against a Second Term Among Many of the Leaders.

PAYORITE SONS CROP UP ALL AROUND

WASHINGTON, March 4.-Ex-Senator Sabin and R. G. Evans, of Minnesota, the latter the member of the National Commit-Washburn to the support of the movement for the renomination of President Harrison. Indeed, the statement has been published Ex-Sens Newmyer, Prothonotary of the State capital Memory He was accompanded by the State capital Memory has and several friends. His brook has at Braddock. Mr. Newmyer has and care worn and showed states of strong that he has yielded in his opposition to Harrison, and will not further oppose the selection of a delegation favorable to

than this statement. Mr. Washburn has cation the opinion that Blaine, notwithstanding his announced desire to keep out into acquiescence in Harrison's nomination, therefore, Mr. Washburn is actively engaged helping to crystallize the sentiment in Minneapolis against the President and in favor of the nomination of any good Republican who can keep Harrison from winning.

added, "is that my brother is temporarily insane. He has been suffering from erysipelas, and is not responsible for anything he says. We have not decided where to take him. I can say no more now." The brother was very much worried about the unfortunate affair at Harrisburg, and desired to have as little said as possible.

Sergeant McCann was next appealed to, and he stated that Mr. Newmyer had calmed down, and had given him no trouble on the journey to Pittsburg. At Harrisburg he was confined in a room in the Lochiel Hotel, and was not taken to the station senator washourn has taken the contract to see that the President is disappointed in this regard. He is doing very good work, and the reports which come to him give great encouragement to the opponents of Harrison's nomination.

President Harrison is fully posted about what is going on, and he realizes that there is the greatest danger of some Republican coming to the front very soon, upon whom the anti-Harrison Republicans can unite.

Senator Quay, it is conceded here, will have a delegation at Minnespolis that will not be permitted to vote for Harrison unless ot be permitted to vote for Harrison unless it becomes clear that he is bound to be nom-inated. Senator Cullom will have the Illi-nois delegation back of his candidacy, and even in case he drops out of the race early there will not be many Harrison men in the

list, as the President and the Illinois Sena-tor are not on friendly terms. Even in Ohio there are grave doubts of Harrison receiving any support. Senator Sherman, who never in his long public career was so strong with his own party, in his own State and outside of it, as he is today, is by no means a Harrison man. He, of course, admits that at present the Ohio Republicans have no candidate except Harrison that the Desident will except the Desident will be a supplied to the supplied to the Desident will be a supplied to the Mr. Springer's appetite, which has been very poor, showed considerable improve-ment to-day. He took considerable liquid rison, and that the President will probably get their votes if no Ohio man turns up to bid for them, but this contingency is just what Senator Sherman thinks may arise. He is not at all certain that the name of Mr. Springer's intimate friends say that he ascribes his illness in part to the smell of paint. In the room adjoining that occupied by the Ways and Means Committee William McKinley, Jr., will not the pre-sented to the convention. If at any time between now and the 7th of June Governor McKinley should express a desire to be a Presidental candidate, the Ohio delegates would be for him solid and would stick to him so long as he desired their support. This fact is well understood by Senator Sherman and the other Republican leaders in Ohio.

Clarkson and Allison Chilly.

J. S. Clarkson, of Iowa, is hardly less strongly opposed to the ambition of Benjamin Harrison than is Senator Allison at heart. The latter declined to be Harrison's Secretary of the Treasury simply because he did not wish to become a member of the Harrison administration. He is no more a loyal supporter of the President now than he was then, and some of the Iowa Republicans in Washington are quite confident that he was then, and some of the lowa Republi-cans in Washington are quite confident that Mr. Allison will, in his own quiet and mys-terious way, join forces with Clarkson in heading an anti-delegation to Minneapolis. The Iowa convention will meet for the se-lection of delegates on the 18th of the pres-ent month, and the delegation will probably go unpledged to the convention. If Clark-son and Allison and the other Republican leaders can help it—and they think they leaders can help it—and they think they can—the delegation will vote for some one whose name is not Benjamin Harrison.

In my opinion it is not yet determined whether or not General Alger will be a In my opinion it is not yet determined whether or not General Alger will be a candidate. Upon the announcement of Blaine's withdrawal Alger was prepared to announce his candidacy, but the exposure of the weak spot in his military record created such consternation with the General's followers, and even in his own mind, that he has as yet taken no definite action in regard to his candidacy.

Little Comfort From Michigan

life insurance of \$85,000 for the benefit of the creditors of the bank. This was the last dollar's worth of property he had to He can still have his State delegation if he wants it, although Senators McMillan and Stockbridge, ex-Senator Palmer and the other big Republicans of the Wolverine other big Republicans of the Wolverine State, are by no means of the opinion that General Aiger would under any circumstances be a formidable competitor for the nomination. The Harrison sentiment in Michigan, however, is lukewarm at best, and Aiger is an open opponent of Harrison. In Colorado, of course, the President can expect nothing, as both Senators Teller and Welectt are opposed to him to such an ex-

gives promise of success.

In Massachusetts and other States of New England, such as Maine and Rhode Island, the President is not at all certain that he will be recognized as the proper man to carry the Republicans to victory

this year. Tom Reed is a power among New England Republicans, and in the State of Maine would perhaps be the big man of them all, but than he is somewhat overshadowed by the great name and fame of Blaine—but Blaine really cares little more for Harrison than Reed; the latter may be able to add strength to the anti-Harrison combination, as of course he stands very ready to do so. Senator Aldrich, the boss of Rhode Island Republicanism, will be for the strongest man, whether his name is Harrison or not.

New York the Worst of All.

OPPOSED TO FANATICISM.

Leading Divines of Various Denomi-

DENOUNCE THE L. AND O. CRUSADE.

SERIES OF INTERESTING INTERVIEWS

New York the Worst of All.

The situation in New York gives more concern to the President, and also to the Republicans who are looking about for a candidate with which to beat him, than that in almost any other State. The Republicans there are in so disorganized a condition, and so uncertain about what they want to do or can do, as to have a tendency to hold back for the present any concentrated movement in the interest of a candidate. The Republicans in Washington who have been doing much work lately in the way of finding a man with whom to oppose the President are awaiting with some anxiety the outcome of the Republican converences now taking place in New York City, and when Senator Hiscock and Secretary Tracy return they will know better than now what to expect from the Empire State.

It is certain, however, no matter what New York Republicans do, that within the next few weeks the movement to knock out Harrison by the concentration of all his enemies in the party on some available man will have taken definite shape and assumed powerful proportions. The fact that the large majority of the nlightened clergymen of Pittsburg and Allegheny have no sympathy with the present crusade of the so-called Law and Order Society, through Agent McClure, was sufficiently demonstrated yesterday when leading divines representing practically every denomination, announced their sentiments on the subject. In plain, and in some cases, emphatic language, both bishops and ministers placed themselves in line with advanced civilization, and denounced those who attempt to revive the

> In the Rt. Rev. Bishop Phelan the Blue Law advocates find an ardent supporter of modern ideas and a man with advanced

he was confined in a room in the Lochiel Hotel, and was not taken to the station house, as reported. He seemed quite rational at 10 o'clock yesterday morning, and seemed to have no knowledge of the events that occurred the day before. It was intended to stop the train at Swissvale and leave Mr. Newmyer at his home, but this plan was changed. It is expected that after he has obtained some rest he will rapidly improve. He was scarcely able to walk last evening. newspapers, railways, street cars, telephones, telegraph and work in mills are atl necessities and should be so recognized by law. Law should be mixed with a fair proportion of common sense, and laws that do not have it should be wiped out. I never knew of a church service being interrupted by a newsboy selling bis paper? Still the Blo Law facatics are narrow-minded and the beam in their eyes is so great that they caunot see how small a portion of this great world they really are. There are thousands of people who do not believe in any church and do not attend one, and under the idea of American liberty can people who hold sacred the tenets of any church or creed He Loads Himself With Plunder in a Girl's deny to others the right to stay at home and enjoy their newspaper? They have as much right to their newspaper as we have Florence Guard, living on the outskirts of

o our churches. "Of course there are thousands of others who enjoy both the churches and the newspapers, and has one petty faction the right tended to give. Stop Sunday work in

Sundays to themselves.

"My opinion is that the law should be mended to include all necessities, but the Blue Law people by their actions would lead to such a revulsion of feeling that even the day of rest would be in danger of being obliterated. Just as an instance of what scruples some fossils hold I recall a case that happened while I was a student in this county. A party of us discovered a drove of hogs in an old farmer's wheat and when we told him of it he replied that he had religious scruples about working on Sunday, but begged us to take the risk of the sin of driving them out. Of course we refused and left

He said:

'The Blue Laws were doubtless good statutes during the last century, but the people then never dreamed of the great advancement that was to come or of the diversified necessities of to-day. In our church we have no puritanical notions. There no longer is a Sabbath. Since the Christian era there has only been the Lord's Day, which is a hoty day. The old Hebrew Sabbath, which is the ideal of the Blue Law supporters, was a restrictive day. The

Don't Interfere With the Day.

THREE CENTS

With the Cause of Progress and Advanced Civilization, and Strongly

nations in the Two Cities

Bishops and Ministers Alike Openly Announce Their Sentiments.

ornde edicts of past centuries.

views on the Sunday question. In an interview last night, he said: "Sunday is a joyful day with us for one can rest best when he is happy. The men who made the Blue Laws must have been even more liberal than those who now try to enforce them, for in those days they had no idea of what the conditions would be a century hence. Law and Order people are not all modern. Their Blue Law Sunday are the same as the old Hebrew Sabbath. When Christ came that was done awaf with, and Sunday was instituted. Even the Hebrew Sabbath was made for a day of rest, and the restrictions were made by man. There really was slavery among the Hebrews. The Sabbath was made simply to provide a day of rest, just as every seventh year was set apart for rest and time set when each man should be given back his property. The day, however, was afterward bound with forms and we rend of where one man was stoned to death simply because he gathered wood to build a fire on the Sabbath. Common Sense Should Govern Law.

"Christ tore away these forms and made the day one of real rest, and rebuked the Blue Law Pharisees of that day. Sunday

to deny them that enjoyment? One is al-ways suspicious of such scruples. They do not think of the convenience or enjoyment of other people. Shut off the street cars and you stop hundreds of others from enand put them in his pocket, after which he filled one of his coat pockets with eggs from joying the relaxation that the day is inthe mills and you throw hundred of other men out of employment. I do not believe in everybody working, the family, who were upstairs in bed. Her visitor then started toward the door, but he suddenly turned and made a spring for the young woman, seizing her by the hair with one hand, while in the other he held a razor, and cut her tresses from her head close to the scalp. She screamed for help, but before the other members of the family could not down stairs the villain had deal and the scale. but I do believe in all work of necessity; that is work that has to be done in order not to interfere with the comfort, livelihood or reasonable enjoyment of the people. I also believe that where Sunday work is a necessity men should be allowed to change so that they would have some

The Necessity of Amen

Among them was Frank Mills, awaiting trial for murder. All efforts will be used to capture Mills, for whom a reward of \$500 has already been offered.

Mills is described as being about 5 feet 10 inches high, sandy complexion, rough, light mustache. He had a slim face, sharp chin, and weighed about 160 pounds. His under teeth set past his upper ones. He wore a Kentucky jean suit.

MARK TWAIN found a clock dial on the mark TWAIN found a clock dial on the face of the larger of the said:

MARK TWAIN found a clock dial on the face of the larger of the said:

MARK TWAIN found a clock dial on the said that his ideas of Sunday were very similar to those of that well known prelate.

supporters, was a restrictive day. The Lord's Day is a day of religious activity. It is also a feast day, and we believe in all reasonable social enjoyments, nor do we object to labors of necessity.

"We could not do without the street cars and as for the Sunday papers, the least that can be said of them is that they are an artificial necessity. When one is used to them he must have them, and I can't say that they interfere with my enjoyment of the Lord's Day. The only thing is that Sunday papers are made so attractive that people may stay away from church to read them, but they are like olives. After one has eaten them he wants them again. As for Judge Porter's decision, I think it was in accord with the law. Of course it endangers all the modern conveniences and many of the necessities. The only way to remedy